

INSIGHT GS MAINS TEST SERIES

GENERAL STUDIES

TEST - X

DISASTER MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL SECURITY

Time Allowed: Three Hours

Maximum Marks: 250

QUESTION PAPER SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS

(Please read each of the following instructions carefully before attempting questions)

There are **TWENTY** questions printed in **ENGLISH**. All the questions are compulsory.

The number of marks carried by a question/part is indicated against it.

Answers must be written in the medium authorized in the Admission Certificate which must be stated clearly on the cover of this Question-cum-Answer (QCA) Booklet in the space provided. No marks will be given for answers written in medium other than the authorized one.

Word limit in questions, wherever specified, should be adhered to.

Any page or portion of the page left blank in the Question-cum-Answer Booklet must be clearly struck off.

Answer all the following questions. Each question is to be answered in not more than 200 words. Each question carries equal marks.

1. Recently, Ministry of Defence announced the 'Strategic Partnership Model' for the Indian private sector to promote Make in India in defence sector. Do you think that this model is going to be a game changer for the defence industry? 12½
2. India's present institutional set up is inadequate in dealing with the terror attacks. Highlight the issues being afflicted by the institutions. To what extent, the institutions like NCTC and NATGRID can enhance the country's counter terrorism capability? 12½
3. India's security challenges are less traditional war threats, more diffused and ambiguous. What is worrisome currently is not just the external threats, but India's weakening from inside. Comment. 12½
4. The rise of social media has emerged as a serious threat to internal security. In this background, highlight the challenges being posed by it in the recent times. Suggest measures to tap the potential of this medium by the law enforcement and security agencies. 12½
5. India is becoming not only a transit route but also a destination for drug trafficking because of its geographical location. Elaborate. How Narcotics and other Drugs Trafficking are posing a greater threat to the security of India? 12½
6. In the context of increasing need for integration of defence forces, there is a growing demand for appointment of a single chief for the three arms of defence services. In light of the above statement, examine the desirability of such

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- an appointment as recommended by various committees. 12½
7. Illegal Immigration should be given priority in the foreign policy as it is not only a political issue but also a security issue. Analyse the statement and list out measures to deal with the problem. 12½
8. Critically examine the pros and cons of recruiting women in combatant position in Indian Army. What needs to be done make entry of women in combat role a success? 12½
9. In spite of significant investments in coastal security post 26/11 Mumbai attacks, Indian Coast Guard (ICG) still remains ill-equipped to meet the challenges of today. Critically examine. 12½
10. The proliferation of organized crime and the rise of insurgent movements in certain parts of the country require a coherent national response. In this context, should public order be included in the Concurrent List? 12½
11. 'Terrorism is a problem of not only India, but has extended worldwide. Therefore the need of the hour is international joint efforts to counter terrorism'. Elaborate. Also, discuss how India can play a prominent role in this regard. 12½
12. 'Military attacks alone cannot control the extremist wings but a combined approach of military and welfare schemes'. Examine. 12½
13. In the context of growing cyber-attacks worldwide, how well is India prepared to tackle them given the government's push for a 'Digital India'? 12½
14. With its growing financial strength, India is vulnerable to money laundering activities inspite of the country's strict foreign exchange laws. Discuss. Highlight the measures taken by Indian government to prevent money laundering. 12½
15. Given the extent of devastation caused by floods which is further exacerbated by human interventions, it is time that the focus must shift from flood protection to flood governance. Examine the statement. 12½
16. What are Heat Waves? Highlight the effects of heat waves and discuss the reasons for increased frequency and intensity of such events. 12½
17. What is Vulnerability assessment? How is it related to disaster management? 12½
18. "The severity and intensity of the drought is not about lack of rainfall. It is about the lack of planning and foresight, and criminal neglect". Analyze this statement. 12½
19. The three C's – Capacity, Coordination and Community participation - are three Pillars of disaster management. Elaborate. Discuss the role of National Disaster Response Force (NDRF) in capacity building for disaster management. 12½
20. With the launch of National Disaster Management Plan in 2016, India has aligned its National Plan with the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction. In this background, critically analyze the salient features of National Disaster Management Plan. 12½